

$$4) \quad \vec{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \vec{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$i) \quad \cos \theta = \frac{A \cdot B}{|A| \cdot |B|}$$

dot product

distances

$$A \cdot B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (3 \cdot 6) + \underbrace{[(0) \cdot (-3)]}_0 + [(-4) \cdot (2)]$$

$$= 18 - 8 = 10 \Rightarrow A \cdot B = 10$$

$$|A| = \sqrt{3^2 + 0^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{9 + 16} = 5$$

$$|B| = \sqrt{6^2 + (-3)^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{36 + 9 + 4} = 7$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{10}{5 \cdot 7} = \frac{2}{7} \Rightarrow \text{Cosine of } \angle AOB$$

$$ii) \quad \vec{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} k \\ -2k \\ 2k-3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{AB} = b - a = \begin{pmatrix} 6-3 \\ -3-0 \\ 2+4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

~~$$\vec{AB} = \vec{OC}$$~~

$$|AB| = |OC|$$

$$\Rightarrow 3^2 + (-3)^2 + 6^2 = k^2 + (-2k)^2 + (2k-3)^2$$

$$9 + 9 + 36 = k^2 + 4k^2 + 4k^2 - 12k + 9$$

$$54 = 9k^2 - 12k + 9$$

$$\Rightarrow 9k^2 - 12k - 45 = 0$$

Using the Discriminant $\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$

with $b = -12$

$a = 9$

$c = -45$

, we obtain

$$k_1 = 3 \text{ and } k_2 = -\frac{5}{3}$$

or $k_1 = \frac{5}{3}$ and $k_2 = 3$